THE

FARNHAM URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

REPORT

for the year ended 31st December,

1920

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

and

SANITARY INSPECTOR.

::::::::::::::::

Council Offices,

Farnham.

URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF FARNHAM.

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH OF THE FARNHAM URBAN DISTRICT FOR 1920.

I am asked by the Ministry of Health to give certain information as to the Urban District, and so am arranging my Report as much in accordance with their circular as I can.

The population of the district as given me by the M.O.H. of the Surrey County Council is 12324, and comparison with the census of 1911 is not easy, because a considerable area, immediately adjoining what was in that year the Farnham Urban District containing two growing villages, namely Hale and Badshot Lea was transferred from Farnham Rural District and added to Farnham Urban since 1911, by which transference roughly one third extra of population and two thirds extra of acreage was added to Farnham Urban. The District consists of one of 3 parallel valleys running, nearly East and West with the river Wey running through the town of Farnham, with the South side of the valley mostly built over, and the north side running up to Hale where the population is growing and nearly joins Farnham town.

The district is mostly residential and there is no particular occupation to influence public health.

WATER SUPPLY.

The water supply is derived from 3 sources -

(a) From a collecting ground at the very highest point of Hale which is brought down by pipes through the town to the reservoir where it is filtered and which supplies the town itself.

(b) From a well dug in land near the river Wey and the water from which is pumped up to the above mentioned reservoir and there filtered.

(c) From the Wey Valley Water Co. which has a reservoir at Hale and supplies a certain proportion of the of the houses there.

The water from A source is collected from health land which is not sufficiently protected from contamination by human or other fæces to be above suspicion but which was pronounced free from contamination when examined bacteriologically a year or two ago

Sources B and C supply quite good water.
The supply to the houses at Hale, other than those supplied by the Wey Valley Water Co. is often from either public wells or wells on their own premises and the water from them is often most unsatisfactory.

The river Wey runs through the district and its pollution is so far as I know very small.

I have visited the Elementary Schools in the district at intervals during the year and found their Sanitary arrangements mostly good and kept in good order.

Three of them still have trough closets, which, I think are much more difficult to keep clean than water closets and therefore not thoroughly sanitary, at Badshot Lea School there is at present no drainage system, and only pail closets, but the Head master is very careful to keep them under his own observation and they have always been satisfactorily kept when I have seen them. In the remaining two schools there are well arranged water closets: I have sent the Annual report on these to the M.O.H for Surrey.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

During the year I received notifications of 81 cases of infectious diseases namely.

Diphtheria	19	
Measles	19	
Cerebo spinal fever ...	1	in the Workhouse Infirmary
Scarlatina	15	of which 2 were in the Infirmary
Erysipelas	2	" " 1 was " " " "
Pneumonia	8	" " 5 " " " "
Tuberculosis	11	" " 2 " " " "
Opthalmia Neonatorum...	4	all in the Infirmary
Puerperal Fever ...	2	" " "

DIPHTHERIA Of the 19 cases, 18 were removed to the Isolation Hospital; In the one case not removed, the parents wished to have the child nursed at home. I investigated the circumstances and satisfied myself that the child could be isolated at home and properly nursed, and the father who was at work in the town went out of the house and isolated himself long enough to obviate any danger of spreading the disease and no other case occured in the house:

This case was at the same time as a small epidemic which occurred in the town, affecting the Church of England School in July necessitating its closure. There was a suspicion that it might be due to milk supplied to them, but on investigation it was found that the milk supplied to the cases was not from the same farms. One of the cases removed to the Isolation Hospital died in January.

MEASLES. There was an epidemic of Measles lasting from about February to the end of May. I heard altogether of 19 cases, mostly notified by the parents and mostly at Weybourne and Heath End, and round about there. One death resulted from it. I was obliged to close Schools twice on account of this disease.

CEREBRO SPINAL FEVER. One case occurred in a house at Runfold, and it was notified to me from the Infirmary, to which it had been removed. It recovered completely.

SCARLATINA All the cases were removed to the Isolation Hospital and all recovered. It was not clear from what source the 2 cases in the Workhouse Infirmary were infected. There was no definite epidemic and there were never sufficient cases together to cause schools to be closed.

TUBERCULOSIS. 8 of these cases were of the Pulmonary Character and one was notified as being of the skin and the two in the Workhouse Infirmary were Pulmonary. 8 deaths were attributed to it in the Town and 9 in the Infirmary. There is a Tuberculosis dispensary in the town to which Dr. Walters comes once a week at which also the Health Visitor of the District attends. Dr. Walters visits cases in the district if necessary.

INFLUENZA. There has been a little about at times but not of the severe type of the previous year. One death has been attributed to it, and one to Pneumonia resulting from it.

WHOOPING COUGH AND CHICKENPOX were prevalent at times during the year, causing the closure of 4 schools. The bacteriological examination of the throats of Diphtheria cases, or suspected cases has been made use of as a means of diagnosis, or preventing infection, to a considerable extent also in cases of suspected Tubercular disease the sputum has been examined.

The Isolation Hospital has been carried on as before, only a moderate number of cases have been admitted, as mentioned above, and the only death in the hospital belonging to this district was one Diphtheria.

VENEREAL DISEASE.

During 1918 a Committee was formed for trying to combat Venereal Disease, and I was assisted very greatly by a lady in carrying on a system of discovering and getting treatment for women suffering from this disease, but she was not able to continue the work and I have been unable to find anyone else who would take up the work. I hope the Committee will meet again to consider the matter.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE WORK.

This work has been carried on by the Sanitary Committee under the Management of the Ladies Advisory Committee namely
(1) Every Thursday at Farnham, during the first 9 months of the year at the School Clinic in Castle Street, and since October at "Brightwell" in East Street.
(2) On Alternate Fridays at the Church House at Hale.
(3) On Alternate Fridays at the Parish room at Badshot Lea.

I have made a rule of attending all these meetings and I have missed very few of them. Nurse Laws also attends at them and with the assistance of members of the Ladies Committee, the babies who are brought are weighed under my supervision and Nurse Laws and I give advice to the Mothers on the best methods of bringing up their babies, as to feeding and clothing and any other points of importance. Nurse Laws does a great deal of domiciliary visiting, keeps elaborate books, and reports each month to the Sanitary Committee and the details of this visiting are that during the year 1280 visits were paid to 1163 houses, which as compared with the previous year is an increase of approximately 30 per cent.

Of this number she has found the baby and the condition under which it was being brought up, both as regards the mother's care and the cleanliness and condition of the house perfectly satisfactory in 957, fairly satisfactory in 56, and unsatisfactory from housing conditions in 33. This shows a decided improvement in the proportion of satisfactory cases as will be shown by the following figures. The attendances at all the 3 centres have increased considerably as will be seen by the following figures.

	On books at beginning of year.	New babies during year.	On books at end of year.
Farnham	41	117	158
Hale	22	62	84
Badshot Lea	18	21	39

This showing 200 new babies were brought during the year while in the previous year the corresponding number was 76

This is I think most satisfactory and mainly due to Nurse's visiting work, helped on by the work of the Ladies Committee. There is one direction in which I wish some improvements could be made, namely the persuading the mothers of illegitimate children and the less careful mothers to attend, who are at present conspicuous by their absence.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

This in the town part of the District is quite satisfactory. At Hale and Badshot Lea, there was a complete plan for draining these districts designed just before the War, but was, on account of this, unable to be carried out. The Badshot Lea section of the Scheme is now being proceeded with and the laying of the pipes will be completed in the near future.

HEALTH WEEK.

In accordance with the suggestion of the Royal Sanitary Institute the Urban District Council determined to organise a small celebration of Health Week in its area.

A Committee was formed to organise the celebration which was carried out as follows:-

SUNDAY, May 2nd. The Clergy of the various churches and chapels in the district made reference to the subject.

MONDAY, May 3rd. An open Meeting was arranged at 2.30 at the Church House at which the M.O.H. introduced the subject to about 90 persons (almost all women) and Mr. Cass gave a very interesting address on the values of food and the importance of fresh air in their house, and the apparently trifling, but really important ways in which small and perhaps old houses might be much improved as to their Sanitary condition.

MAY 5th. The Maternity and Child Welfare Advisory Committee had arranged a large meeting of the mothers attending the 3 Maternity Centres in the district and any other mothers with children under 5 years old. About 230 mothers and as many babies came to the meeting at 3 o'clock at the Church House at which Mrs. Durrant took the chair and Dr. Edyth Lindsay came over to address it, but the babies made so much noise that it was quite impossible for her to make herself heard, so she gave up the attempt and promised to come over and address the individual centres at some time when it could be arranged. The Maternity and Child

Welfare Committee had also arranged a series of competitions open to any mother with children under 5 attanding one or other of the 3 centres, and Mrs.Durrant presented the prises after Dr.Lindsay's lecture to the winners for the following:-

1. A useful garment for a child under 5 from some garment of mothers.

2. Do from some garment of fathers.

3. Something made for a child under 5 by father.

4. Best knitted garment for baby under 1 the cost not to exceed 2/6d.

5. The most nourishing dinner of 2 courses for father mother and 3 children,cost not to exceed 2/6d.

After this tea was served to the mothers and children. In addition to this 5 out of the 6 doctors practising in the town went to the 2 Grammar Schools and 6 elementary Schools and gave short addressed on health matters to the older children on one or other of the 5 schooldays in the week and I hear that the addressed were much appreciated by both masters, mistresses and Scholars.

BIRTH AND DEATH RATE.

The deaths have been 137 instead of 164 in the previous year which gives a death-rate on the estimated population of 12324 (Supplied by the M.O.H of the Surrey County) of 11.12 per 1000 of population, which is out lowest since 1913 and compares satisfactorily with the corresponding figure for England and Wales which is 12.4 The deaths of infants under 1 year were 12 giving a death rate on the same population of 0.97 per 1000 of population and 41.66 per 1000 births.

The births have been 288 instead of 183 in the previous year which gives a rate of 23.4 per 1000 of population,which compares with 25.4 for England and Wales. The following table gives the rates of deaths per 1000 of population not including deaths in the Workhouse Infirmary of persons not belonging to this district for 1920 and 7 previous years.

DEATH RATE					BIRTHS.
Total		Tuberculan Diseasos	Zymotic diseases including Influenza	Under 1 year.	
1920	11.12	0.73	0.24.	0.97	23.33.
1919	13.83	0.73	1.54	1.94	14.90
1918	13.24	1.47	1.56	0.25	14.93
1917	16.35	1.18	1.26	2.26	15.98
1916	14.60	0.97	0.97	1.60	27.60
1915	14.81	1.17	1.85	2.70	23.64
1914	13.28	1.43	0.16	1.26	22.60
1913	10.38	0.66	0.26	1.05	18.13

S.G.SLOMAN.
M. O. H.

26th.March.1921.

URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF FARNHAM

REPORT FOR 1920

upon

FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS IN FARNHAM URBAN DISTRICT
BY THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

During the year I inspected -

24 Factories
33 Workshops
18 Bakeries
7 Slaughterhouses.
5 Laundries
1 Lodging House
3 houses in which outworkers worked
22 Cowsheds, Dairies, and milk-selling places.

Of the 24 Factories 18 were in good order; in 2 new workshops were being built but not finished; in 3 cases the defects have been remedied since my inspection. In the case of Messrs Crosby & Co. of South Street, there is a urinal for their workmen on the very edge of the river.

Of the 33 Workshops, 29 were in good order, in the 4 cases where defects existed (mostly bad repair or dirty W.C.s) the defects have been remedied.

Of the 18 Bakeries 11 were in good order; in 6 cases the defects (which were mostly premises in bad repair or dirty) have been, or are being remedied;

All the 7 Slaughterhouses were in sufficiently good order.

Of the 5 Laundries.- One was in good order - Another (at Hale) was in fair condition but has no drainage of any kind; in one the walls of the washing room badly wanted cleaning: in two the W.C's were not in good order.

The Lodging House, in Church Lane is still kept in very good order - the house 83 West Street is no longer used as a Lodging House.

Outworkers In two cases the premises are in quite good repair and suitable for the work being done. In the case of Mr.Hofvander the premises have been improved considerably, but I found the seat of the W.C.broken.

Cowsheds,Dairies,and Milk selling places. There are 13 Cowsheds and 9 milk selling places. Of the Cowsheds there was not one at the time of my inspection that was in really first class order, 10 of them are dirty, and in such bad repair as to make proper cleansing impossible - 9 of them have dung heaps close to them so that the air in the milking sheds must be contaminated, in the Summer at any rate by the smell arising from them - Since my inspection some repairs have been done in 3 cases and one dungheap has been removed. I should like to repeat the opinion of the M.O.H. of the Surrey County Council which he expressed in a letter to me after his inspection in November 1919, of 4 of the worst cases of dungheaps being within a dangerous distance of the milking sheds. He thought that

"(1) Present regulations do not refer to accumulations of dung, although they imply that there should be nothing to contaminate the air.

(2) It would be well to obtain powers, if possible to deal with such conditions in case of need.

(3) To this end application might be made to the Ministry of Health to sanction the addition of a new regulation to those in use specifying the minimum distance from sheds in which milking takes place at which accumulations of dung may be kept, or alternatively the covering of such heaps with a layer of earth sufficient to prevent a nuisance"

Under the Milk & Dairies Consolidation Order of 1915 1 (g) gives power for prescribing the precautions to be taken for protecting infection, or contamination.

Considering the opinion of the M,O.H of the S.C.C.qupted above, and this order,I venture to suggest that we ask for power to make a regulation that no manure be allowed within 50 yards of the Milking sheds

I also suggest that orders be issued to put in good repair any of the Cowsheds that require it.

Of the 9 Milk selling places 7 were in fair order and in the other 2 repairs have been done since my inspection.

S.G.SLOMAN.

19th.February.1921. M.O.H.

SANITARY INSPECTOR'S REPORT.

Sanitary Department,

Council Offices,

Farnham.

January, 1921.

To the Farnham Urban District Council.

I herewith present the annual report upon the works accomplished in the Sanitary Department and upon the Sanitary circumstances of the district.

Systematic inspection of the district has been carried out in accordance with the General Orders of the Ministry of Health Section 92 of the Public Health Act, 1875 and Section 17 of the Housing,Town Planning &c.Act,1909 and the Regulations made thereunder.

During the year 79 complaints of nuisances were received. All complaints were immediately investigated, and the necessary steps taken to enforce the proper compliance of the Council's Byelaws and Regulations and to secure the abatement of any nuisance found to exist.

The Council's policy of authorising the Inspector to serve formal notices in cases of nuisances has been fully justified by the fact that the majority of nuisances discovered were remedied upon service of formal notice only. In no case have legal proceedings been necessary. 147 Sanitar Notices (135 formal and 12 Statutory) were served and at the close of the year there was but one outstanding Statutory Notic which had not been complied with.

Houses in the following roads have been inspected with satisfactory results:-

TOWN WARD.

West of South Street;

Red Lion Lane; 15 Cottages.
Abbey Street, 12 Cottages.
Factory Yard; 15 Cottages.
Castle Street; No.18.
Lowndes Buildings; Nos.1 - 9
Long Garden Walk; 8 Cottages.
Beavers Yard; Nos.1 - 14.
Potters Gate; No.3.

Park Row; Nos 1 - 10.
Fox Yard; Melville Terrace.
West Street; Nos.54,55,64,65 and 83.
Downing Street; Nos.17,29,30 and 53.

East of South Street;

Park Villas, Park Road.
Adams Park Road; 20 houses
East Street; Nos.47,48,49,50,51 and 70.

South of Railway;

Edward Road; Dunmore, Eversleigh, The Glen, Velmead.
St.Georges Road; 1 and 2 Herbert Villas,St Mary's Villas.

HALE WARD.

Jackson's Cottage.
Trinity Terrace.
Edwards Cottages.
Pharo's Cottages. Nos.1 - 17.
Marshall's Cottage.
Hereford Row, Nos.1 - 4.
Snowden's Cottages.
Stone Cottage.
Laburnum Cottage.
Hereford Court.
Flanagan's Cottage..
Hyde's Cottages.
Patrick's Cottages.
Stream Cottages.
College Villas.
Ayling Cottage.
The School Cottage, Weybourne.
Elm Tree Cottages.
Bank Cottages.
Punters Cottages.
Camden Terrace.
Bides Cottages.
Underwood Cottages.
Nos.1 and 2 Weybourne Lane.
Pullinger's Cottages,
The Mansions.

In most of the above dwellings the rooms have been cleaned and distempered, the dampness remedied, roofs and eave-shooting repaired, drainage and sanitary arrangements repaired where defective,floors repaired or relaid and samples of water taken when the supply is from a well.

In no case was admittance to premises for purposes of inspection refused during the year.

Special attention has been given to old damp cottages and great improvements have been made.

Notices to remedy defects have been made under Section 91 of the Public Health Act, 1875.

CLOSING ORDERS; No closing order was served during the year.

OVERCROWDING: No serious overcrowding exists. In 12 Cottages steps have been taken to find other sleeping accommodation for members of the family.

HOUSE ACCOMMODATION: Under the Ministry of Health's Housing (Additional Powers) Act, 1919, 6 new houses were completed by Private Persons and the Government subsidy granted after the issue of Certificate B. Regular inspections of these buildings were made.

The Council have practically completed 34 semi detached villas, 12 of which are already occupied. These houses, built of brick with tiled roofs, are situated on a beautiful site overlooking the Town.

21 converted army huts are being completed on the north side of the district, whilst the Council by a scheme of direct labour have commenced work on 10 concrete houses.

WATER SUPPLY; The District is provided with a plentiful supply of water from the mains of the Farnham Water Company and the Wey Valley Water Company. Complaints were received respecting the turbidity of the water supplied by the former Company in the Town Ward. This was the subject of correspondence between the Council and the Company. There are no local wells supplying domestic drinking water in the Town Ward. In the Hale Ward there are a few wells but these are kept under observation and if found polluted are closed. 3 were closed during the year.

RAILWAY STATIONS AND PUBLIC HALLS; The Sanitary Conveniences at the one Railway Station and at five public halls, including a Cinema, have been periodically inspected during the year and found satisfactory.

SCHOOLS: There are two Secondary and 6 Public Elementary Schools in the District. Disinfection of Classrooms has been made where infections cases had attended and the books,etc., used by the patients destroyed. The sanitary accommodation at all the school is periodically inspected to ensure an efficient state of cleanliness at all times.

SCAVENGING; The Ho use scavenging in the Town Ward is by a regular weekly collection. No complaints of neglect were received or registered. There are practically no fixed receptacles for rubbish. Most of these have now been abolished, and steady progress has been made in providing portable dustbins with proper coverings. The refuse is carted to the Council's Sewage Farm and Pumping Station where it is mixed with sewage sludge and disposed of to Farmers as manure, care being taken to prevent nuisance in disposal. About 6½ tons of refuse is collected daily in the Town Ward. The Hale Ward is not yet sewered and the nightsoil and day dust is collected twice each week. The night soil is collected in sanitary carts and disposed of on the Sewage Farm, where it is mixed with ashes and day dust. No complaints were received either as to collection or disposal of this matter. Cesspools in the Hale Ward are emptied as required and the contents disposed of on land.

SEWAGE: The whole of the Town Ward is sewered with the exception of 8 houses on the outskirts of the district. Improved sewage treatment works are being constructed for the Town as well as the Hale Ward and the sewers are now being laid in the latter Ward. The existing sewers are regularly flushed and have given little trouble during the year.

DRAINAGE: During the year 57 drains were tested, 17 were found defective and relaid, 40 were repaired. All drains are, except where the soil is good, required to be laid on a bed of concrete at least 4" in thickness with a fall of at least 2½" in 10' carefully wiped inside and finally subjected to the hydraulic test. A general survey of all sanitary fittings etc., is made in all cases of diptheria and scarlet fever and notices served to remedy any defects found.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE: During the year 81 cases of infectious disease were notified. In every case the dwelling has been thoroughly fumigated, the walls cleaned and distempered, ceilings cleaned and white-washed, paint work scrubbed and all bedding removed to the disinfector.

DISINFECTION;	Diptheria	...	...	19
	Scarlet fever	...	...	15
	Tuberculosis	...	...	7
	Cancer	...	...	2

VAN DWELLINGS: One van-dweller was served with a notice to quit owing to want of water supply and sanitary arrangements. The notice was complied with. There are no other caravans in the District.

Slaughterhouses; There are 7 slaughterhouses in the district.

	In 1914.	In Jan.1921	In Dec.1920.
Registered ..	3	3	3
Licensed ...	4.	4	4

During the year 80 inspections of meat in slaughterhouses were made. The meat during the first half of the year was not up to its usual high standard, but has greatly improved during the latter half year. The home killed meat has improved since de-control. There is no public abattoir in the district. All carcases are inspected immediately after slaughter.

The limewashing of the premises has been carried out regularly. Efforts have been made to induce the butchers to make greater use of the "Humane Killer".

FOOD SUPPLY.

During the year frequent inspections have been made of the various shops and premises in the district where articles of food, meat, fish etc, are sold, prepared for sale or deposited temporarily, but intended to be sold.

The following is a table of the premises and inspections made.-

Nature of Premises	No. of Inspections.
Slaughterhouses	80
Butchers Shops	190
Fishmongers	32
Bakehouses	38
Cowkeepers	40
Dairies & Milkshops..	36
Hawkers of Food	12

The following is a statement of food destroyed as unfit for the food of man, Public Health Act 1875, Sect. 116-117.

Description.	Weight in lbs.
Beef	1,260.
Mutton	-
Pork	7.
Offal	12
Fish	-
Corned Beef	11½
Cake	6

Dairies, Cowsheds, and Milkshops Orders.

There are now 21 names on the register;

Cowkeepers	14.
Dairymen & Milkshops. ...	7.

The number of milch cows in the district at the close of the year was 130.

Many of the cowkeepers premises are very old buildings and it i hard if not impossible to keep them in aproper state of cleanliness. It is thought that when the present high cost of build

falls many improvements will be carried out.

Eight Notices were served during the year to remedy defects, particularly in regard to paving of yards and premises, cleansing and limewashing, and attention to drainage.

Factory and Workshops Acts.

Factories.- With the exception of that part of the law dealing with sanitary accommodation and conveniences, the legislation regarding factories is administered by the Home Office.

There are 24 Factories on the register.
Three notices to remedy defects were served during the year, and 1 factory was granted a certificate for a new fire escape.

Workshops. There are 33 workshops and workplaces on the register, excluding 18 Bakeries, and 5 Laundries.
Four notices were served during the year, all in regard to defective W.Cs.
All defects were remedied.

The following is a table of the various workshops and the trades carried on therein.-

Trade.	No.of Workshops.
Bakehouses	18.
Laundries	5
Dressmakers, Milliners, Tailoring, and Underclothing	13
Cycle and Motor Works, Carpenters.. ...	10
Boot and shoe makers, Leather etc... ...	2
Sundry other Workshops	8
Total	33.

Outworkers.

There are 3 Outworkers on the register. One Notice was served to remedy a defective W.C.

Laundries.

There are 5 registered laundries. At the close of the year all were in a satisfactory state.

A large number of cottagers in the Hale Ward had been in the habi for years of doing considerable quantities of Army washing from the adjacent Camp. This was thought detrimental both to the cottages, which in most cases were quite unsuitable for this kind of work, and also to the occupiers themselves. As the result of correspondence between the Council and the Aldershot Command no military washing is allowed to be sent except to registered laundries.

Bakehouses: There are 18 bakehouses on the register, all of which have been inspected at intervals during the year. There is no underground bakehouse in the district.

Three notices were served, 2 in regard to cleansing and repair of defective floors, and one to repair a defective W.C.

Marine Store Dealers. There are 2 Marine Store Dealers in the Town Ward.

No.1 at Timberclose West Street.
No.2 at Crondall Lane.

Regular Inspections have been made during the year and no complair has been received.

Common Lodging Houses: The Lodging house in Middle Church Lane is still kept in a clean and satisfactory state.

83, West Street is no longer a Common Lodging House.

Periodical Inspections have been made during the year and no complaint has been received.

Offensive Trades: There are no Offensive Trades carried on in the District.

The following is a tabulated summary of the inspections made and nuisances discovered during the year ending December 31st.1920.

Nature of cases dealt with.	No.
Notifications of Infectious Disease	81
Visits to houses where Zymotic Diseases have occured ...	89
Houses Disinfected	56
Lots of Bedding & Clothing Disinfected.	43
Inspections of Houses.	230
" " Lodging Houses	28
" " Factories	40
" " Workshops & Workrooms...	63
" " Outworkers' Premises	6
" " Bakehouses..	36
" " Cowsheds	28
" " Daries & Milkshops.	14
" " Slaughterhouses	80
" " Butchers & Fishmongers..	222
" " Other Shops	30
" " Schools	12
" " Places of Amusement	14
" " Yards & Stables .l.	76
" " Urinals	50
Sundry Inspections	873
Re-inspections of Work in progress	950
Complaints received and investigated...	79
Lots of Food condemned & Destroyed	10
Drains Tested	57
Drains Re-laid...	17
" Repaired..	40
Tons of Refuse Removed (approx)	2,372.

Nuisances Discovered.	No.
Premises requiring repair...	83
" " cleansing and whitewashing	70
" Overcrowded	12
Drains found defective	57.
" " stopped	30.
Defective Sanitary Fittings.	61.
" Yard Surfaces	33.
" Eaves and Downspouts	36
" Manure Receptacles	10
" Urinals	2
" Ashbins	26
" Waterfittings	35
Animals improperly kept	3
Offensive Accumulations	11
Sundry other Nuisances	57
Total Number of Nuisances... ...	524.
Sanitary Notices Served...	147
Statutory & Informal Notices complied with..	146
In abeyance ... ...(Statutory)..	1

In conclusion I beg to thank the Chairman and Members of the Council, the Chairman and members of the Sanitary and Housing Committee, the Clerk Mr.J.W.Wright, and other officials, for their help and consideration during the year.

R. M. SARGENT. C.R.S.I. Cert.Meat Insp.
Sanitary and Building Inspector.